



# SPANISH

## VISION

It is our vision that languages are for life. The study of a language is seen as an important part of our pupils' education as languages are part of the cultural richness of our society and the world in which we live and work. Learning Spanish contributes to mutual understanding, a sense of global citizenship and personal fulfilment. Pupils learn to appreciate different countries, cultures, communities and people. The ability to understand and communicate in another language is a lifelong skill for education, employment and leisure in this country and throughout the world.

Key features of our Spanish curriculum:

- High expectations of every child
- Practical approach to learning Spanish as a modern foreign language
- Engaging activities which allow children to practise and revisit key vocabulary
- Balanced opportunities for listening, oral and writing skills in Spanish

## How do we plan and teach Spanish?

All children engage in at least 30 minutes of Spanish lessons per week.

The skills and knowledge that the children develop through each lesson are mapped across each year group and across the school to ensure progression.

We use resources provided by Language Angels to teach Spanish. This is a full set of resources and interactive materials that our teachers can access to deliver high quality Spanish lessons.

Teachers use a full range of fun and exciting videos, games and interactive lessons to support learning.

## How do we evaluate learning in Spanish?

From the beginning of every lesson, teachers will be assessing what their pupils are, or are not understanding and use this to support children. Throughout lessons, misconceptions are dealt with immediately and high attaining pupils are challenged appropriately. Pre and post teaching, where necessary, ensures that all children can achieve and are prepared for the following lesson.

	YEAR 3	YEAR 4	YEAR 5	YEAR 5/6	YEAR 6
LISTENING	<p>Appreciate and actively participate in traditional short stories and fairy tales.</p> <p>Appreciate short stories and fairy tales and start to understand some of the familiar words in what we hear.</p>	<p>Listen to and enjoy short stories, nursery rhymes &amp; songs. Recognise familiar words and short phrases covered in the units taught.</p>	<p>Learn to listen to longer passages and understand more of what we hear by picking out key words and phrases covered in current and previous units.</p>	<p>Listen more attentively and for longer. Understand more of what we hear even when some of the language may be unfamiliar by using the decoding skills we have developed.</p>	<p>Listen to longer text and more authentic foreign language material. Learn to pick out cognates and familiar words and learn to 'gist listen' even when hearing language that has not been taught or covered.</p>
SPEAKING	<p>Learn to repeat and reproduce the language I hear with accurate pronunciation.</p> <p>Learn to articulate key words introduced in the lesson and understand their meaning.</p>	<p>Communicate with others using simple words and short phrases covered in the units.</p>	<p>Communicate with others with improved confidence and accuracy. Learn to ask and answer questions based on the language covered in the units and incorporate a negative reply if and when required</p>	<p>Communicate on a wider range of topics and themes. Remember and recall a range of vocabulary with increased knowledge, confidence and spontaneity.</p>	<p>Learn to recall previously learnt language and recycle / incorporate it with new language with increased speed and spontaneity. Engage in short conversations on familiar topics, responding with opinions and justifications where appropriate.</p>
READING	<p>Be able to identify written versions of the words I hear.</p> <p>Being able to identify the written version of a wider range of the words I hear.</p>	<p>Read familiar words and short phrases accurately by applying knowledge from 'Phonics Lesson 1'. Understand the meaning in English of short words I read in the foreign language.</p>	<p>Read aloud short pieces of text applying knowledge learnt from 'Phonics Lessons 1 &amp; 2'. Understand most of what we read in the foreign language when it is based on familiar language.</p>	<p>Understand longer passages in the foreign language and start to decode meaning of unknown words using cognates and context. Increase our knowledge of phonemes and letter strings using knowledge learnt from 'Phonics Lessons 1 to 3'.</p>	<p>Be able to tackle unknown language with increased accuracy by applying knowledge learnt from 'Phonics Lessons 1 to 4' including awareness of accents, silent letters etc. Decode unknown language using bilingual dictionaries.</p>
WRITING	<p>Consolidate letter formation skills by copying words in the foreign language from a model.</p> <p>Start to reproduce nouns and determiners/articles from a model.</p>	<p>Write familiar words &amp; short phrases using a model or vocabulary list. EG: 'I play the piano'. 'I like apples'.</p>	<p>Write some short phrases based on familiar topics and begin to use connectives/conjunctions and the negative form where appropriate. EG: My name, where I live and my age.</p>	<p>Write a paragraph using familiar language incorporating connectives/conjunctions, a negative response and adjectival agreement where required. Learn to manipulate the language and be able to substitute words for suitable alternatives. EG: My name, my age, where I live, a pet I have, a pet I don't have and my pet's name.</p>	<p>Write a piece of text using language from a variety of units covered and learn to adapt any models provided to show solid understanding of any grammar covered. Also start to incorporate conjugated verbs and learn to be comfortable using connectives/conjunctions, adjectives and possessive adjectives. EG: A presentation or description of a typical school day including subjects, time and opinions.</p>
GRAMMAR	<p>Start to understand that foreign languages can have different structures to English.</p> <p>Start to understand that foreign languages can have different structures to English. EG: Many nouns have a determiner/article in foreign languages which we don't have in English.</p>	<p>Start to understand the concept of noun gender and the use of articles. Use the first person singular version of high frequency verbs. EG: 'I like...' 'I play...' 'I am called...'</p>	<p>Better understand the concept of gender and which articles to use for meaning (EG: 'the', 'a' or 'some'). Introduce simple adjectival agreement (EG: adjectival agreement when describing nationality), the negative form and possessive adjectives. EG: 'In my pencil case I have...' or 'In my pencil case I do not have...'</p>	<p>Revision of gender and nouns and learn to use and recognise the terminology of articles (EG: definite, indefinite and partitive). Understand better the rules of adjectival agreement and possessive adjectives. Start to explore full verb conjugation (EG: 'I wear...', 'he/she wears...' and also be able to describe clothes in terms of colour EG: 'My blue coat'.</p>	<p>Consolidate our understanding of gender and nouns, use of the negative, adjectival agreement and possessive adjectives (EG: which subjects I like at school and also which subjects I do not like). Become familiar with a wider range of connectives/conjunctions and more confident with full verb conjugation - both regular and irregular. EG: 'to go', 'to do', 'to have' and 'to be'.</p>